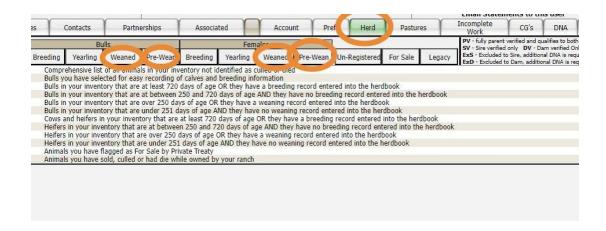


# **MEMBERS GUIDE TO WEANING DATA ENTRY**

Weight on the date the calf is weaned. This is typically at about 200 days of age. The recommended maximum age at which a calf should be weaned in order to be used in a performance recording program (e.g. genetic evaluation) is 250 days, and the recommended minimum age is 160 days of age.

- 1. Navigate to <a href="https://cla.digitalbeef.com">https://cla.digitalbeef.com</a> and log in
- 2. Click Herd tab, then weaned Females/bulls, pre-wean females/bulls, these will bring up calves in the weaning window with no data attached to them



3. Check the wean box beside each animal you want to enter weaning data on, this will add them to your weaning queue



4. Click "Work Queues"



# 5. Click "Weaning"



#### 6. Go to this queue



# 7. Enter weaning date



#### 8. Enter weaning weight



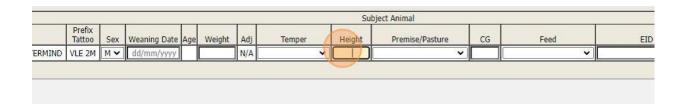
#### 9. Enter Temperament



# 10. Enter Height

Hip height converted to frame score is a linear measurement that helps cattle producers evaluate lean-to-fat ratio potential of an individual animal in a performance program.

Frame score is a convenient way of describing the skeletal size of cattle. With appropriate height and growth curves, most animals usually maintain the same frame score throughout their life, regardless of when they are evaluated. However, frame scores may change for animals that mature earlier or later than average for their breed. The recommended site for hip height measurement is a point directly over the hooks. This measurement should be adjusted to a weaning age endpoint of 205 days



#### 11. Enter premise/pasture

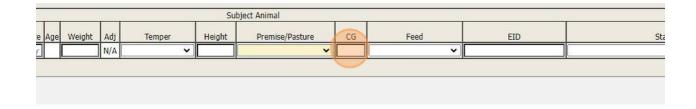


#### 12. CG contemporary group

Weaning contemporary group is a group of calves that are of the same sex, are similar in age, and have been raised in the same management group (same location on the same feed and pasture, at the same time) and weaned and weighed on the same day. Contemporary groups should include as many cattle as can be accurately compared. However, if, for example, first-calf heifers are given preferential treatment (better feed) prior to weaning their calves, then these calves should be designated into a separate contemporary group than the calves from mature cows.

Weights should be taken on the same day for an entire contemporary group. Especially for large contemporary groups, water should be provided to calves penned-up prior to weighing so that there is no effect due to differences in dehydration between the first and last calves weighed.

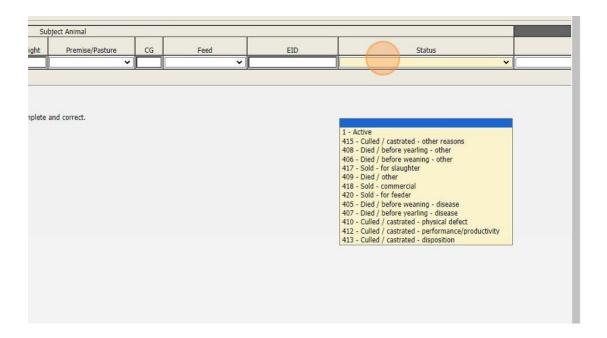
While the recommended age range for collecting weaning weight on calves is 160 to 250 days of age, some organizations may choose to allow weights outside of the age range by grouping the calves into a separate contemporary group (younger calves together and a separate group for the older calves).



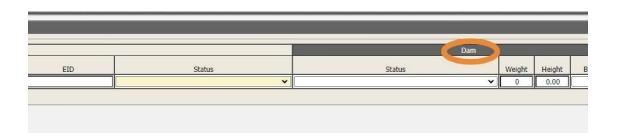
13. Feed, select what feed the calves were on prior to weaning.



14. If you have disposed of an animal after weaning, enter the disposal code here. If no weaning weight available, then dispose of the animals on a different disposal queue.



#### 15. Enter Dam information



16. If the dam has been disposed of at weaning of the calf, enter that disposal code here.



### 17. Enter dam weight at weaning



### 18. Enter dam height if available



# 19. Body condition score

The BCS scale ranges from 1-9 with 1 being emaciated and 9 being obese. Cows that calve in a BCS of 5 or greater breed back earlier, have more vigorous calves at birth and have more, higher quality colostrum. Ideally, scores should be recorded 60-90 days pre-calving, at calving and at weaning



20. Once all data has been entered, click the Validate button. It will show you any errors that need to be corrected.



21. Once validated and no errors you can Commit to Registry. This will enter all the data into Digital beef and bring up a yearling worksheet option.

